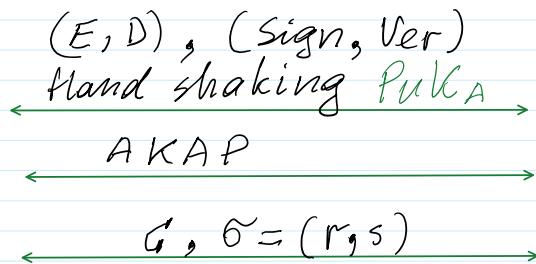


Mini-https

Confidential, Integral, Authentic

Public Parameters $\text{PP} = (p, g)$.
 $p = 268435019$; $g = 2$;



$$\text{PrK}_B = y = \text{randi}(p-1)$$

$$\text{PuK}_B = b = g^y \bmod p$$

$$\text{PrK}_A = x = \text{randi}(p-1)$$

$$\text{PuK}_A = a = g^x \bmod p$$

$$\text{PuK}_A = a$$

$$k$$

$$u \leftarrow \text{randi}(p-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow u = \text{int64}(\text{randi}(p-1))$$

$$k_A = g^u \bmod p$$

$$\gg k_A = \text{mod_exp}(g, u, p)$$

$$\text{Sign}(x, k_A) = \tilde{G}_A = (r_A, s_A)$$

$$i \leftarrow \text{randi}(p-1)$$

$$r_A = g^i \bmod p$$

$$h_A = \text{concat}(k_A, r)$$

$$s_A = (i + x \cdot h_A) = \tilde{G}_A = (r_A, s_A)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} k_A, \tilde{G}_A = (r_A, s_A) \\ \text{PuK}_A \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} k_B, \tilde{G}_B \\ \text{PuK}_B \end{array} \right\}$$

1. Verify if PuK_A is in Data Base.

2. Verify if \tilde{G}_A on k_A is valid.
 $\text{Ver}(\text{PuK}_A, \tilde{G}_A, k_A) = T$

3. Generates $v \leftarrow \text{randi}(p-1)$
 Computes $k_B = g^v \bmod p$.
 $\text{Sign}(y, k_B) = \tilde{G}_B = (r_B, s_B)$

$$k_{AB} = (k_B)^u \bmod p =$$

$$= (g^v)^u \bmod p = g^{uv} \bmod p = k_{AB} = k = k_{BA}$$

$$k_{BA} = (k_A)^v \bmod p =$$

$$= (g^u)^v \bmod p = g^{uv} \bmod p$$

A creates transaction T_x

$$E(k, T_x) = C$$

Encrypt & sign paradigm

chosen ciphertext security

CCS

$$h_c = H(C)$$

$$\text{Sign}(\text{PrK} = x, h_c) = \tilde{G} = (r, s)$$

By realizing Schnorr - sign

$$i \leftarrow \text{randi}(p-1)$$

$$r = g^i \bmod p$$

$$h_A = H(C || r)$$

$$s = (i + x \cdot h_A) \bmod p$$

$$\gg cc = \text{concat}(C, r)$$

$$\gg hc = \text{hd28}(cc)$$

$$C, \sigma = (r, s)$$

$$1. \text{ Ver}(PuK_A=a, \sigma) = \{T, H\}$$

$$2. D(k, C) = Tx$$

3. Performs money transf.

After receiving Tx and σ , Bob according to (2.20) computes hc

$$hc = H(C || r),$$

and verifies if

$$g^s \bmod p = ra^h \bmod p.$$

V1 V2

Symbolically this verification function we denote by

$$\text{Ver}(a, \sigma, h) = V \in \{\text{True}, \text{False}\} \equiv \{1, 0\}.$$

This function yields **True** if (2.22) is valid if:

$$PuK_A = a = F(PrK_A) = g^x \bmod p$$



MINI-HTTPS
€5.00

1. Mentor sends you Public Parameters ($p = 15728303$; $g = 5$) of 24 bits length. Generate public and private keys $PrK_A = x$ and $PuK_A = a$. Send public key $[a]$ to the Mentor.

12677229

2. Compute random secret number u of 24 bit length and compute session public parameter K_A . Sign K_A with Schnorr signature scheme by computing two components of signature $Sig_A = (r, s)$. Be aware that parameter $h = \text{hd24}(\text{concat}(KA, r))$. Send $[KA, r, s]$ to the Mentor.

h d24

14438572, 14538340, 13707662

```
>> p=int64(15728303)
p = 15728303
>> g=5;
>> x=int64(randi(p-1))
x = 9712179
>> a=mod_exp(g,x,p)
a = 12677229
```

```
>> u=int64(randi(p-1))
u = 7085010
>> KA=mod_exp(g,u,p)
KA = 14438572
>> i=int64(randi(p-1))
i = 5104007
>> r=mod_exp(g,i,p)
r = 14538340
>> cc=concat(KA,r)
cc = 1443857214538340
```

hd28

```
>> h=int64(hd24(cc))
h = 12720923
>> hh=int64(hd24(concat(KA,r)))
ans = 12720923
>> xh=mod(x*h,p-1)
xh = 8603655
>> s=mod(i+xh,p-1)
s = 13707662
```

```
>> PuKB=4670305;
>> KB=872215;
>> R=2705869;
>> S=4402137;
>> hd=int64(hd24(concat(KB,R)))
hd = 3684952
>> rez=sig_ver(p,g,R,S,PuKB,hd)
rez = TRUE: Signature correct
Val= 11780819
```

$$\tilde{\sigma}_M = (R, S)$$

3. Mentor sends you ($PuK_B = 4670305$, $K_B = 918922$, $R = 8070925$, $S = 6944326$). Verify Mentor's signature $Sig_B = (R, S)$ on K_B . If signature is valid then compute secret session symmetric key $K_{AB} = K$. Transform K to the hexadecimal form K_h . Create the string of message variable $m = \text{'MMDD'}$ consisting of the month and day of your birth. Encrypt message m using 1 round of AES128 cipher with key K_h by computing ciphertext

$>> C=\text{AES128}(m, K_h, 1, 'e')$.
Send $[C]$ to the Mentor for decryption and for resending message m to your friend Bob2. C should be entered within " " !

```
>> K=mod_exp(KB,u,p)
K = 10027187
```

```

>> Kh=dec2hex(K,32)
key = 000000000000000000000000000000009900B3
>> m='0501'
m = 0501
>> C=AES128(m,Kh,1,'e')
new= .....
C = 8c000e708c0069008cf20e00eb990eb3

```

'8c000e708c0069008cf20e00eb990eb3'

4. Ok, Bob2 informed me that all the sum of money he received from the Knowledge Bank he dedicates to buy the gift for your birthday. This sum I am sending you as a ciphertext ($C_M = '8c000e3c8c0075008c8d0e008c990eb3'$). Please decrypt and check it and then encrypt it again with added string 'ok' right after the sum by computing ciphertext C_1 . Send $[C_1]$ to the Mentor. C_1 should be entered within " ".

```

>> M=AES128(CM,Kh,1,'d')
Out = 000000000000000000000000000000003437
M = 47
>> Mok='47ok'
>> C1=AES128(Mok,key,1,'e')
new = .....
C1 = 8c000e028c00c5008c870e00f7990eb3

```

'8c000e028c00c5008c870e00f7990eb3'

C_1

'8c000e708c0069008cf20e00eb990eb3'

C

```

>> CM='8c000e3c8c0075008c8d0e008c990eb3'
CM = 8c000e3c8c0075008c8d0e008c990eb3

```

Realize 10 rounds of encryption for the same plaintexts.

Success! You have finished the task. Great job!

Get reward

Current Directory: C:\Octave\Octave 7.1.0\~Eli.m

C:/Octave/Octave 7.1.0/~Eli.m

Name
AES128.m
bin2hex.m

```

% AES128(in,kh32,NR,fun) Advanced Encryption Standard symmetric
cipher with key length of 128 bits
%
% Encryption is performed for 1 block of length 128 bits or
16 ASCII symbols
%
% in - plaintext/ciphertext of string type: maximum 16 symbols or
shorter
%
% kh32 - shared secret key in hexadecimal number of length=32 (128
bits)
%
% kh32 can be obtained when shared decimal key k is given using
commands:
%
% >> k=int64(randi(2^28))
% k = 160966896
%
% >> kh32=dec2hex(k,32)
% kh32 = 0000000000000000000000000000099828F0
%
%
% NR - Number of Rounds (e.g. Nr = 10)
%
% The smaller NR, the lower security of encryption but the speed of
encryption is higher
%
% The least number of NR is 1 and in this case security lack is evident
%
%
% fun - letter determining either encryption: fun='e' or decryption:
fun='d' functions
%
% Encryption example:
% >> in = 'Hello Bob';

```

```

% >> kh32 = '0000000000000000000000000000000099828F0';
% >> NR = 10;
% >> Ch = AES128(in,kh32,NR,'e')
% ASCII_e = ?1 ~mV % ciphertext in ASCII format
% Ch = 0f9a2c08d191310fb27ed16d90f45686 % ciphertext in
hexadecimal format
%
% Decryption example:
% >> Dh = AES128(Ch,kh32,NR,'d')
% Dh = 00000000000048656c6c6f7720426f62 % decrypted message in
hex format
% D = Hello Bob % Decrypted message in ASCII format
%

```

Till this place

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad w \quad \begin{pmatrix} y \\ 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

$${}^x w = \begin{pmatrix} a^1 \cdot c^2 & b^1 \cdot d^2 \\ a^3 \cdot c^4 & b^3 \cdot d^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$w^y = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}^{\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 \end{pmatrix}} = \begin{pmatrix} a^5 b^7 & a^6 b^8 \\ c^5 d^7 & c^6 d^8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$({}^x w)^y = A$$